









Policy & Regulatory Ecosystem for Innovation

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20 December 2022











WHY?

FOR?











INNOVATION?

Science Charpie (1967)'s Innovation: It is by percentage- Research (5-10%), Product design and Eng't (10-Research Technology 20%), Ready for manufacturing (40-60%), Probing the market (10-20%) Commercialization

Innovation: Materialization of knowledge from research in the form of serving market or process changes with socio-economic development is the foundation of innovation. Innovation is conducted by users, suppliers and consumers everywhere – in government, business and non-profit organizations, and across borders, sectors, and institutions. The manual identifies eight broad types of activities that can be undertaken in pursuing innovation: 1. research and experimental development (R&D) activities; 2. engineering, design and other creative work activities; 3. marketing and brand equity activities; 4. IP-related activities; 5. employee training activities; 6. software development and database activities; 7. activities related to the acquisition or lease of tangible assets; and 8. innovation management activities



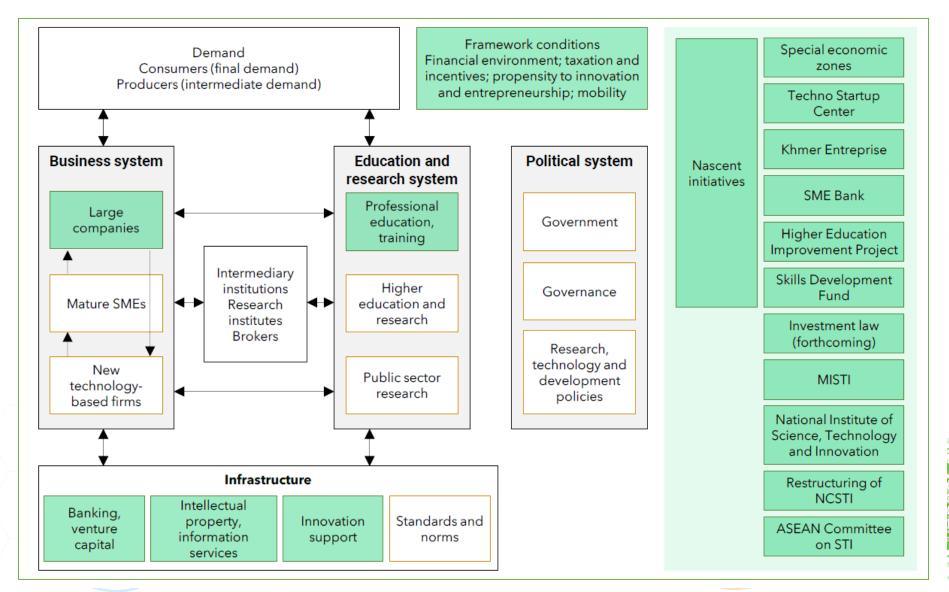








Policy & Regulation requirement in NIS





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Research

Collaboration

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INNOVATION

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Technology

Science

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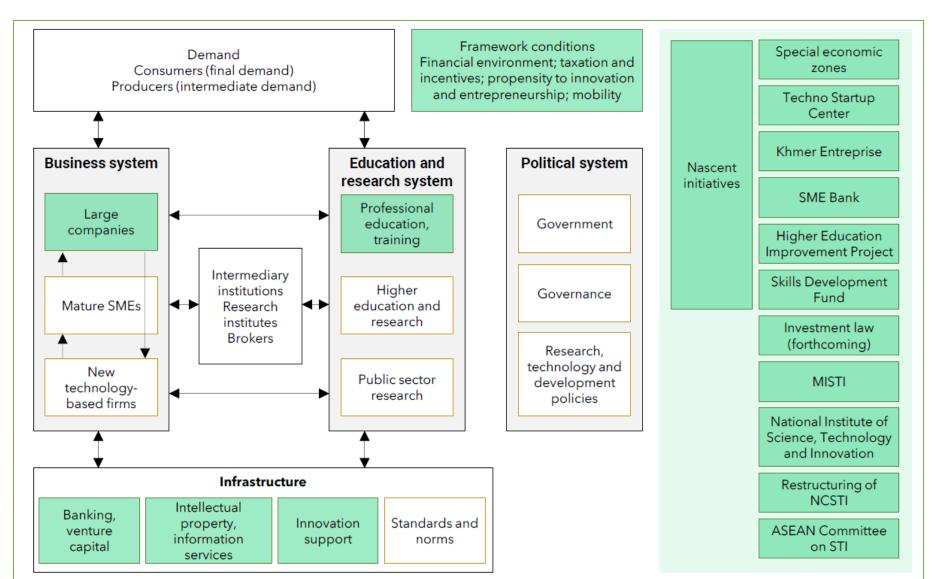
Research

Commercialization



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Policy & Regulation requirement in NIS



អរគណ ARKOUN! **TERIMA** KHOB CHA! KASIH! KHOB KHUN CAM ON! Thank you! KRAP! **KYEI ZU** SALAMAT

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